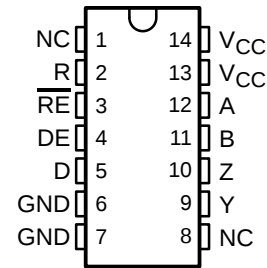


# SN65ALS180, SN75ALS180 DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

SLLS052G – AUGUST 1987 – REVISED APRIL 2003

- Meet or Exceed the Requirements of TIA/EIA-422-B, TIA/EIA-485-A<sup>†</sup> and ITU Recommendation V.11
- High-Speed Advanced Low-Power Schottky Circuitry
- Designed for 25-Mbaud Operation in Both Serial and Parallel Applications
- Low Skew Between Devices . . . 6 ns Max
- Low Supply-Current Requirements . . . 30 mA Max
- Individual Driver and Receiver I/O Pins With Dual V<sub>CC</sub> and Dual GND
- Wide Positive and Negative Input/Output Bus Voltage Ranges
- Driver Output Capacity . . . ±60 mA
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Driver Positive- and Negative-Current Limiting
- Receiver Input Impedance . . . 12 kΩ Min
- Receiver Input Sensitivity . . . ±200 mV Max
- Receiver Input Hysteresis . . . 60 mV Typ
- Operate From a Single 5-V Supply
- Glitch-Free Power-Up and Power-Down Protection

SN65ALS180 . . . D PACKAGE  
SN75ALS180 . . . D OR N PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

## description/ordering information

The SN65ALS180 and SN75ALS180 differential driver and receiver pairs are integrated circuits designed for bidirectional data communication on multipoint bus-transmission lines. They are designed for balanced transmission lines and meet TIA/EIA-422-B, TIA/EIA-485-A, and ITU Recommendation V.11.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| T <sub>A</sub> | PACKAGE <sup>†</sup> |              | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| 0°C to 70°C    | PDIP (N)             | Tube of 25   | SN75ALS180N           | SN75ALS180N      |
|                | SOIC (D)             | Tube of 50   | SN75ALS180D           | 75ALS180         |
|                |                      | Reel of 2500 | SN75ALS180DR          |                  |
| –40°C to 85°C  | SOIC (D)             | Tube of 50   | SN65ALS180D           | 65ALS180         |
|                |                      | Reel of 2500 | SN65ALS180DR          |                  |

<sup>†</sup> Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at [www.ti.com/sc/package](http://www.ti.com/sc/package).



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

<sup>†</sup> These devices meet or exceed the requirements of TIA/EIA-485-A, except for the Generator Contention Test (para. 3.4.2) and the Generator Current Limit (para. 3.4.3). The applied test voltage ranges are –6 V to 8 V for the SN75ALS180 and –4 V to 8 V for the SN65ALS180.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

**TEXAS  
INSTRUMENTS**

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# SN65ALS180, SN75ALS180

## DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

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### description/ordering information (continued)

The SN65ALS180 and SN75ALS180 combine a 3-state differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, that can be connected together externally to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are connected to separate terminals for greater flexibility and are designed to offer minimum loading to the bus when the driver is disabled or  $V_{CC} = 0$ .

These ports feature wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges, making the device suitable for party-line applications.

### Function Tables

DRIVER

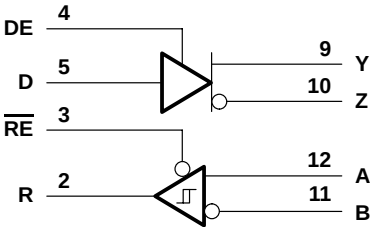
| INPUT<br>D | ENABLE<br>DE | OUTPUTS |   |
|------------|--------------|---------|---|
|            |              | Y       | Z |
| H          | H            | H       | L |
| L          | H            | L       | H |
| X          | L            | Z       | Z |

RECEIVER

| DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS<br>A-B              | ENABLE<br>RE | OUTPUT<br>R |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| $V_{ID} \geq 0.2\text{ V}$              | L            | H           |
| $-0.2\text{ V} < V_{ID} < 0.2\text{ V}$ | L            | ?           |
| $V_{ID} \leq -0.2\text{ V}$             | L            | L           |
| X                                       | H            | Z           |
| Open                                    | L            | H           |

H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

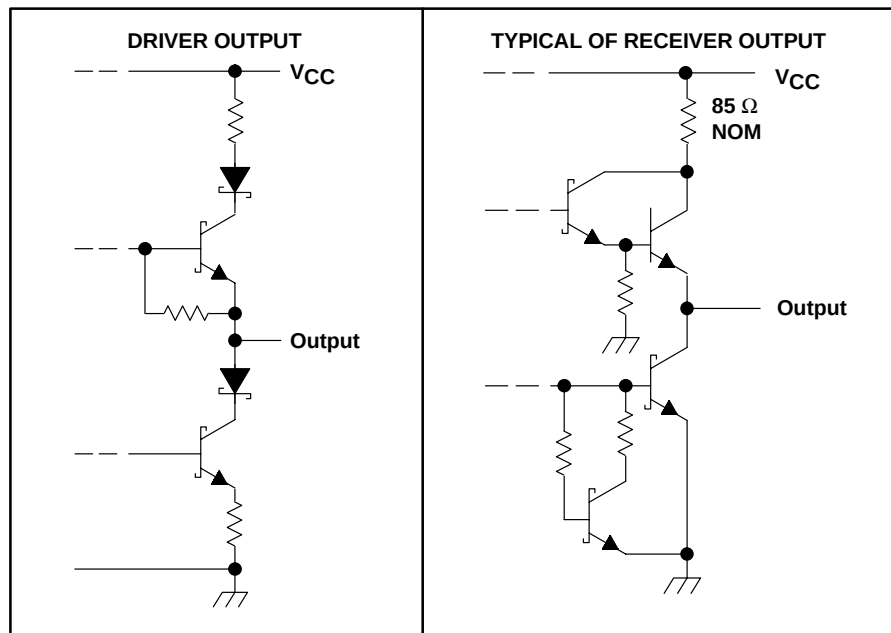
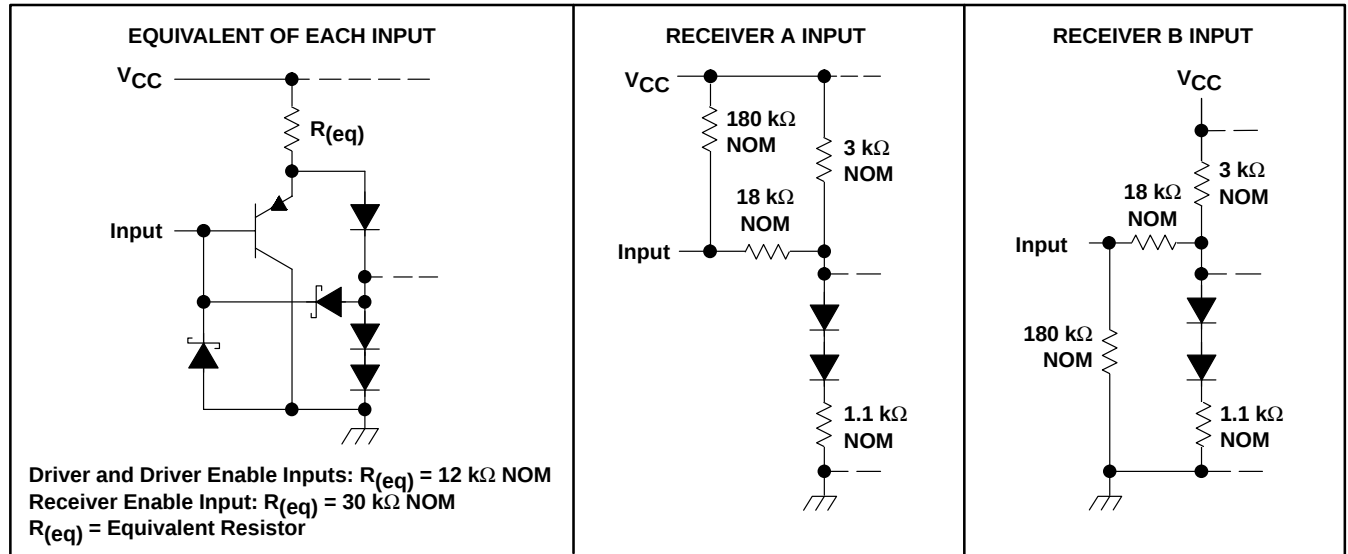
### logic diagram (positive logic)



# SN65ALS180, SN75ALS180 DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

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## schematics of inputs and outputs



# SN65ALS180, SN75ALS180 DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

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## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

|                                                                         |                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1)                                   | 7 V            |
| Voltage range at any bus terminal                                       | –10 V to 15 V  |
| Enable input voltage, $V_I$                                             | 5.5 V          |
| Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Notes 2 and 3): D package | 86°C/W         |
| N package                                                               | 80°C/W         |
| Operating virtual junction temperature, $T_J$                           | 150°C          |
| Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds            | 260°C          |
| Storage temperature range, $T_{St}$                                     | –65°C to 150°C |

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.  
2. Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(\max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(\max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.  
3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

## recommended operating conditions

|                   |                                                         |                            | MIN  | NOM | MAX      | UNIT |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----|----------|------|
| $V_{CC}$          | Supply voltage                                          |                            | 4.75 | 5   | 5.25     | V    |
| $V_I$ or $V_{IC}$ | Voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common mode) |                            |      |     | 12<br>–7 | V    |
| $V_{IH}$          | High-level input voltage                                | D, DE, and $\overline{RE}$ | 2    |     |          | V    |
| $V_{IL}$          | Low-level input voltage                                 | D, DE, and $\overline{RE}$ |      |     | 0.8      | V    |
| $V_{ID}$          | Differential input voltage (see Note 4)                 |                            |      |     | ±12      | V    |
| $I_{OH}$          | High-level output current                               | Driver                     |      |     | –60      | mA   |
|                   |                                                         | Receiver                   |      |     | –400     | μA   |
| $I_{OL}$          | Low-level output current                                | Driver                     |      |     | 60       | mA   |
|                   |                                                         | Receiver                   |      |     | 8        |      |
| $T_A$             | Operating free-air temperature                          | SN65ALS180                 | –40  |     | 85       | °C   |
|                   |                                                         | SN75ALS180                 | 0    |     | 70       |      |

NOTE 4: Differential-input/output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal, A/Y, with respect to the inverting terminal, B/Z.



# SN65ALS180, SN75ALS180 DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

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## DRIVERS

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER         | TEST CONDITIONS <sup>†</sup>                                    | MIN                                            | TYP <sup>‡</sup>                          | MAX     | UNIT |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------|------|
| V <sub>IK</sub>   | Input clamp voltage                                             | I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA                        |                                           | -1.5    | V    |
| V <sub>O</sub>    | Output voltage                                                  | I <sub>O</sub> = 0                             | 0                                         | 6       | V    |
| V <sub>OD1</sub>  | Differential output voltage                                     | I <sub>O</sub> = 0                             | 1.5                                       | 6       | V    |
| V <sub>OD2</sub>  | Differential output voltage                                     | R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω, See Figure 1           | 1/2 V <sub>OD1</sub> or 2 <sup>§</sup>    |         | V    |
|                   |                                                                 | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω, See Figure 1            | 1.5                                       | 2.5     | 5    |
| V <sub>OD3</sub>  | Differential output voltage                                     | V <sub>test</sub> = -7 V to 12 V, See Figure 2 | 1.5                                       | 5       | V    |
| Δ V <sub>OD</sub> | Change in magnitude of differential output voltage <sup>¶</sup> | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω or 100 Ω, See Figure 1   |                                           | ±0.2    | V    |
| V <sub>OC</sub>   | Common-mode output voltage                                      | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω or 100 Ω, See Figure 1   |                                           | 3<br>-1 | V    |
| Δ V <sub>OC</sub> | Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage <sup>¶</sup>  | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω or 100 Ω, See Figure 1   |                                           | ±0.2    | V    |
| I <sub>O</sub>    | Output current                                                  | Output disabled (see Note 5)                   | V <sub>O</sub> = 12 V                     | 1       | mA   |
|                   |                                                                 |                                                | V <sub>O</sub> = -7 V                     | -0.8    |      |
| I <sub>IH</sub>   | High-level input current                                        | V <sub>I</sub> = 2.4 V                         |                                           | 20      | μA   |
| I <sub>IL</sub>   | Low-level input current                                         | V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4 V                         |                                           | -400    | μA   |
| I <sub>OS</sub>   | Short-circuit output current <sup>#</sup>                       | V <sub>O</sub> = -6 V                          | SN75ALS180                                | -250    | mA   |
|                   |                                                                 | V <sub>O</sub> = -4 V                          | SN65ALS180                                | -250    |      |
|                   |                                                                 | V <sub>O</sub> = 0                             | All                                       | -150    |      |
|                   |                                                                 | V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>               | All                                       | 250     |      |
|                   |                                                                 | V <sub>O</sub> = 8 V                           | All                                       | 250     |      |
| I <sub>CC</sub>   | Supply current                                                  | No load                                        | Driver outputs enabled, Receiver disabled | 25      | mA   |
|                   |                                                                 |                                                | Outputs disabled                          | 19      |      |

<sup>†</sup> The power-off measurement in TIA/EIA-422-B applies to disabled outputs only and is not applied to combined inputs and outputs.

<sup>‡</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

<sup>§</sup> The minimum V<sub>OD2</sub> with 100-Ω load is either 1/2 V<sub>OD2</sub> or 2 V, whichever is greater.

<sup>¶</sup> Δ|V<sub>OD</sub>| and Δ|V<sub>OC</sub>| are the changes in magnitude of V<sub>OD</sub> and V<sub>OC</sub>, respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.

<sup>#</sup> Duration of the short circuit should not exceed one second for this test.

NOTE 5: This applies for both power on and off; refer to TIA/EIA-485-A for exact conditions. The TIA/EIA-422-B limit does not apply for a combined driver and receiver terminal.

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature

| PARAMETER          |                                                           | TEST CONDITIONS         |                         |              | MIN | TYP <sup>‡</sup> | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----|------------------|-----|------|
| t <sub>d(OD)</sub> | Differential output delay time                            | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω,  | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, | See Figure 3 | 3   | 8                | 13  | ns   |
|                    | Pulse skew ( t <sub>d(ODH)</sub> – t <sub>d(ODL)</sub>  ) | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω,  | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, | See Figure 3 |     | 1                | 6   | ns   |
| t <sub>t(OD)</sub> | Differential output transition time                       | R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω,  | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, | See Figure 3 | 3   | 8                | 13  | ns   |
| t <sub>pZH</sub>   | Output enable time to high level                          | R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω, | See Figure 4            |              |     | 23               | 50  | ns   |
| t <sub>pZL</sub>   | Output enable time to low level                           | R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω, | See Figure 5            |              |     | 19               | 24  | ns   |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub>   | Output disable time from high level                       | R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω, | See Figure 4            |              |     | 8                | 13  | ns   |
| t <sub>PLZ</sub>   | Output disable time from low level                        | R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω, | See Figure 5            |              |     | 8                | 13  | ns   |

<sup>‡</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.



# SN65ALS180, SN75ALS180 DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

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## SYMBOL EQUIVALENTS

| DATA-SHEET<br>PARAMETER | TIA/EIA-422-B             | TIA/EIA-485-A                             |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| $V_O$                   | $V_{0a}, V_{0b}$          | $V_{0a}, V_{0b}$                          |
| $ V_{OD1} $             | $V_0$                     | $V_0$                                     |
| $ V_{OD2} $             | $V_t (R_L = 100 \Omega)$  | $V_t (R_L = 54 \Omega)$                   |
| $ V_{OD3} $             |                           | $V_t$<br>(test termination measurement 2) |
| $V_{test}$              |                           | $V_{tst}$                                 |
| $\Delta V_{OD} $        | $  V_t  -  \bar{V}_t  $   | $  V_t  -  \bar{V}_t  $                   |
| $V_{OC}$                | $ V_{os} $                | $ V_{os} $                                |
| $\Delta V_{OC} $        | $ V_{os} - \bar{V}_{os} $ | $ V_{os} - \bar{V}_{os} $                 |
| $I_{OS}$                | $ I_{sa} ,  I_{sb} $      |                                           |
| $I_O$                   | $ I_{xa} ,  I_{xb} $      | $I_{ia}, I_{ib}$                          |

## RECEIVERS

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                                            | TEST CONDITIONS                                                        | MIN                                                 | TYP† | MAX      | UNIT          |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------|----------|---------------|
| $V_{IT+}$ Positive-going input threshold voltage     | $V_O = 2.7 \text{ V}$ , $I_O = -0.4 \text{ mA}$                        |                                                     |      | 0.2      | V             |
| $V_{IT-}$ Negative-going input threshold voltage     | $V_O = 0.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_O = 8 \text{ mA}$                           | -0.2‡                                               |      |          | V             |
| $V_{hys}$ Hysteresis voltage ( $V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$ ) |                                                                        |                                                     | 60   |          | mV            |
| $V_{IK}$ Enable-input clamp voltage                  | $I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$                                                 |                                                     |      | -1.5     | V             |
| $V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage                   | $V_{ID} = 200 \text{ mV}$ , $I_{OH} = -400 \mu\text{A}$ , See Figure 6 | 2.7                                                 |      |          | V             |
| $V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage                    | $V_{ID} = -200 \text{ mV}$ , $I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$ , See Figure 6    |                                                     |      | 0.45     | V             |
| $I_{OZ}$ High-impedance-state output current         | $V_O = 0.4 \text{ V to } 2.4 \text{ V}$                                |                                                     |      | $\pm 20$ | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_I$ Line input current                             | Other input = 0 V<br>(see Note 6)                                      | $V_I = 12 \text{ V}$                                |      | 1        | mA            |
|                                                      |                                                                        | $V_I = -7 \text{ V}$                                |      | -0.8     |               |
| $I_{IH}$ High-level enable-input current             | $V_{IH} = 2.7 \text{ V}$                                               |                                                     |      | 20       | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{IL}$ Low-level enable-input current              | $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$                                               |                                                     |      | -100     | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $r_i$ Input resistance                               |                                                                        | 12                                                  |      |          | k $\Omega$    |
| $I_{OS}$ Short-circuit output current                | $V_{ID} = 200 \text{ mV}$ , $V_O = 0$                                  | -15                                                 |      | -85      | mA            |
| $I_{CC}$ Supply current                              | No load                                                                | Receiver outputs enabled,<br>Driver inputs disabled |      | 19       | mA            |
|                                                      |                                                                        | Outputs disabled                                    |      | 19       |               |

† All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

‡ The algebraic convention, in which the less positive (more negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for common-mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.

NOTE 6: This applies for both power on and power off. Refer to TIA/EIA-485-A for exact conditions.



**switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature**

| PARAMETER                                                   | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                    | MIN | TYP <sup>†</sup> | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------------|-----|------|
| $t_{PLH}$ Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output | $V_{ID} = -1.5\text{ V to }1.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>See Figure 7<br>$C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | 9   | 14               | 19  | ns   |
| $t_{PHL}$ Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output | $V_{ID} = -1.5\text{ V to }1.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>See Figure 7<br>$C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | 9   | 14               | 19  | ns   |
| Skew ( $ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $ )                              | $V_{ID} = -1.5\text{ V to }1.5\text{ V}$ ,<br>See Figure 7<br>$C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ |     | 2                | 6   | ns   |
| $t_{PZH}$ Output enable time to high level                  | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ ,<br>See Figure 8                                             |     | 7                | 14  | ns   |
| $t_{PZL}$ Output enable time to low level                   | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ ,<br>See Figure 8                                             |     | 7                | 14  | ns   |
| $t_{PHZ}$ Output disable time from high level               | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ ,<br>See Figure 8                                             |     | 20               | 35  | ns   |
| $t_{PLZ}$ Output disable time from low level                | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ ,<br>See Figure 8                                             |     | 8                | 17  | ns   |

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

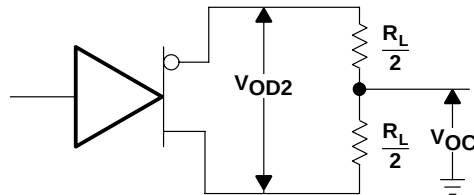


Figure 1. Driver  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$

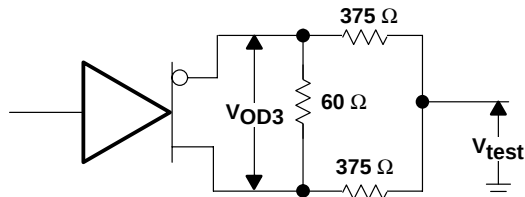
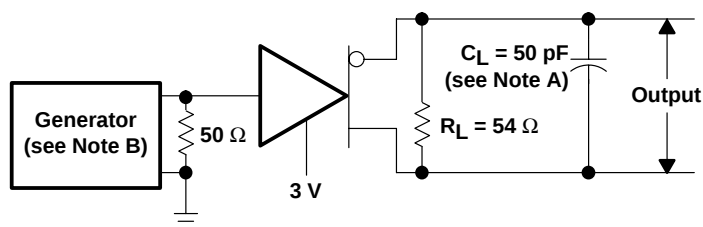


Figure 2. Driver  $V_{OD3}$

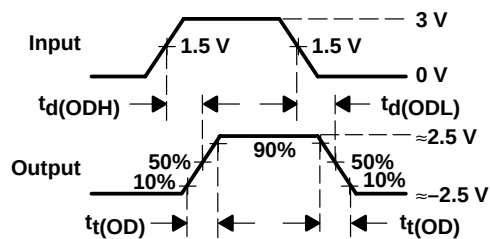
# SN65ALS180, SN75ALS180 DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

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## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



TEST CIRCUIT

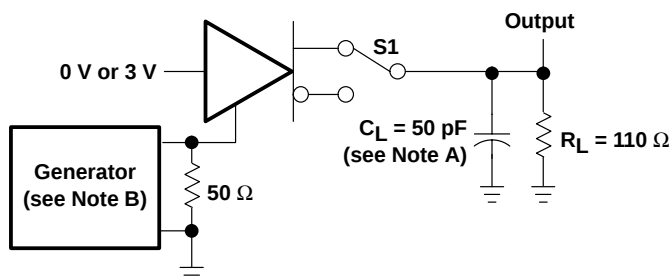


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

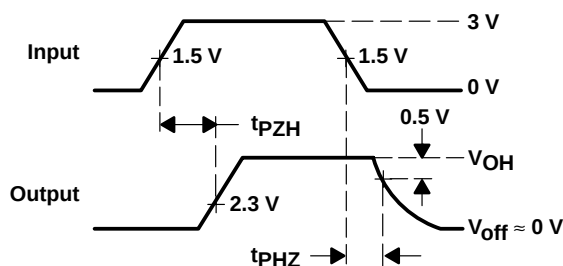
NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .

Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



TEST CIRCUIT

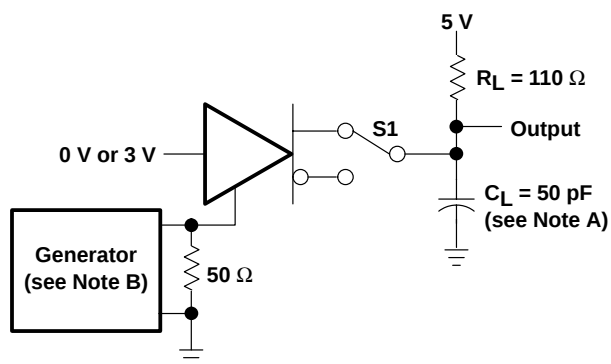


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

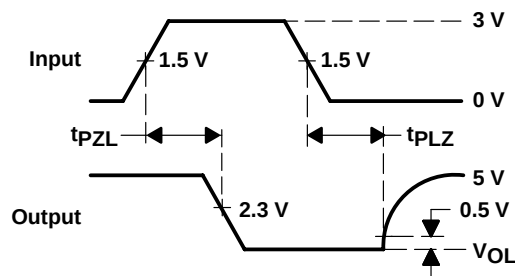
NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .

Figure 4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



TEST CIRCUIT



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .

Figure 5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

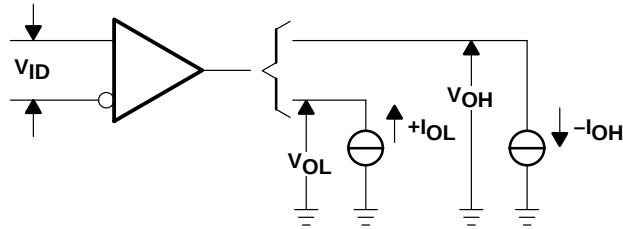
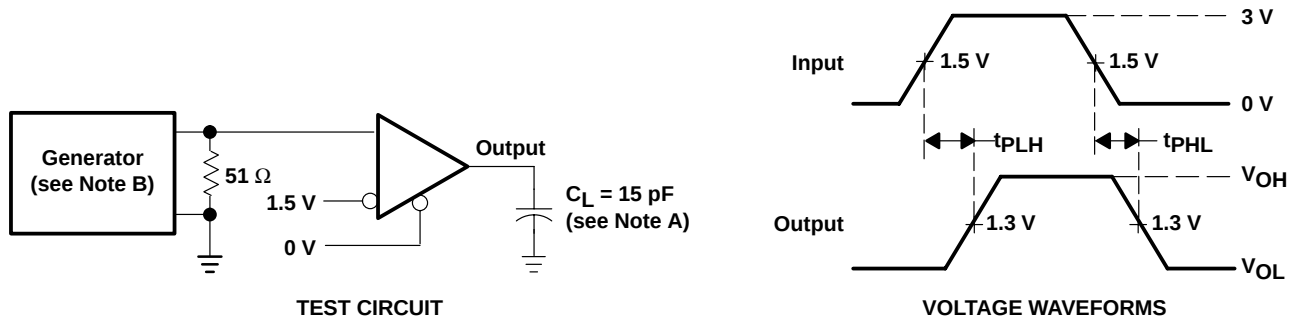


Figure 6. Receiver  $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$



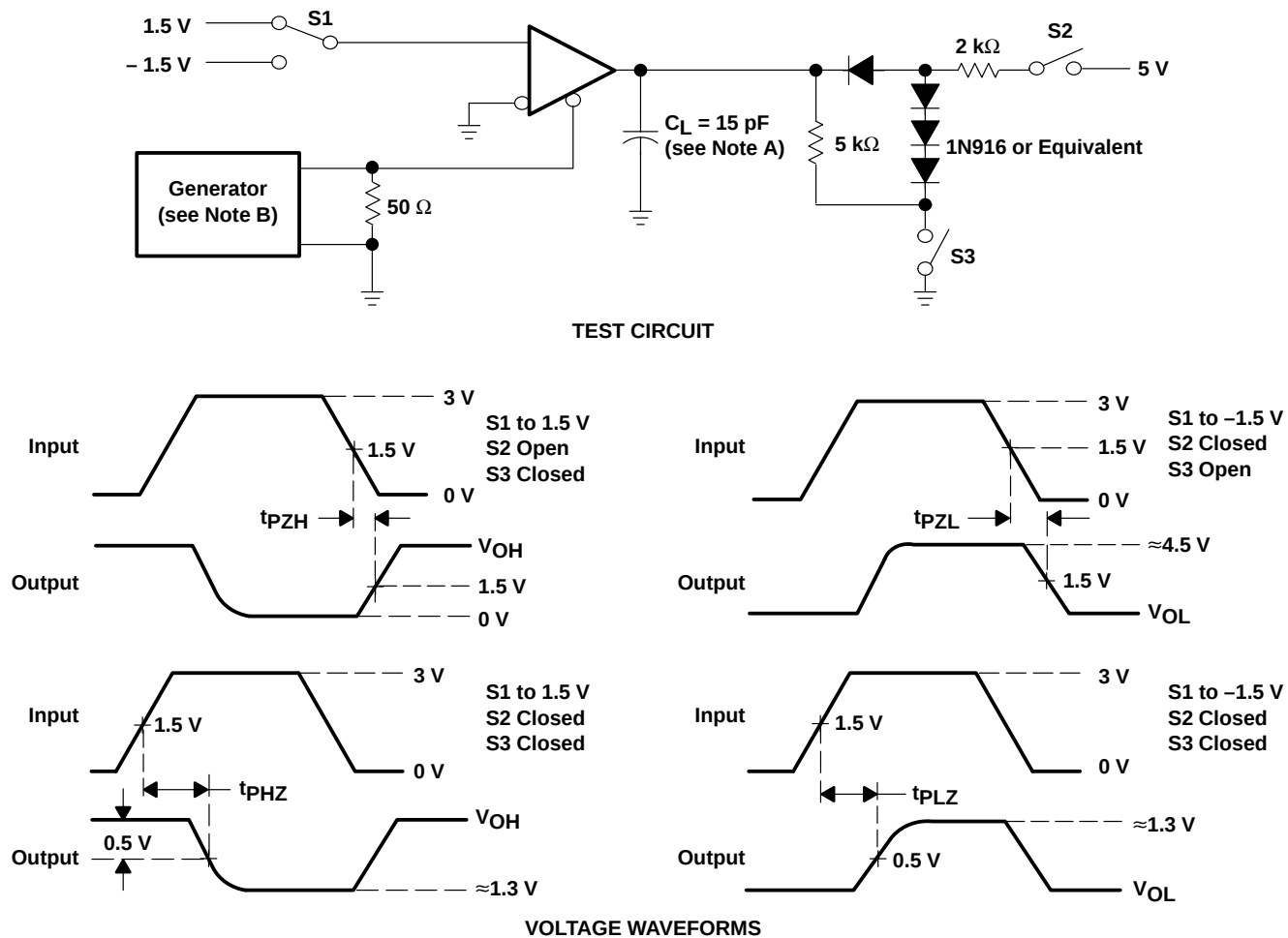
- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .

Figure 7. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

# SN65ALS180, SN75ALS180 DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

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## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .

Figure 8. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS – DRIVERS

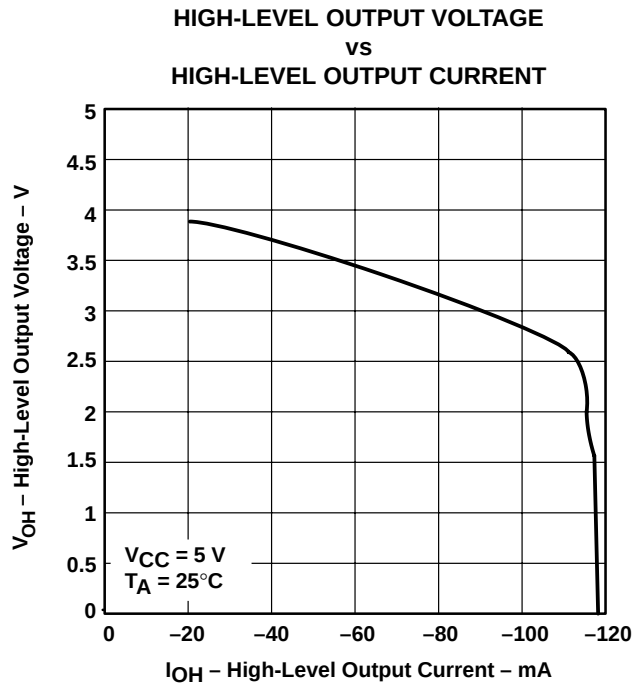


Figure 9

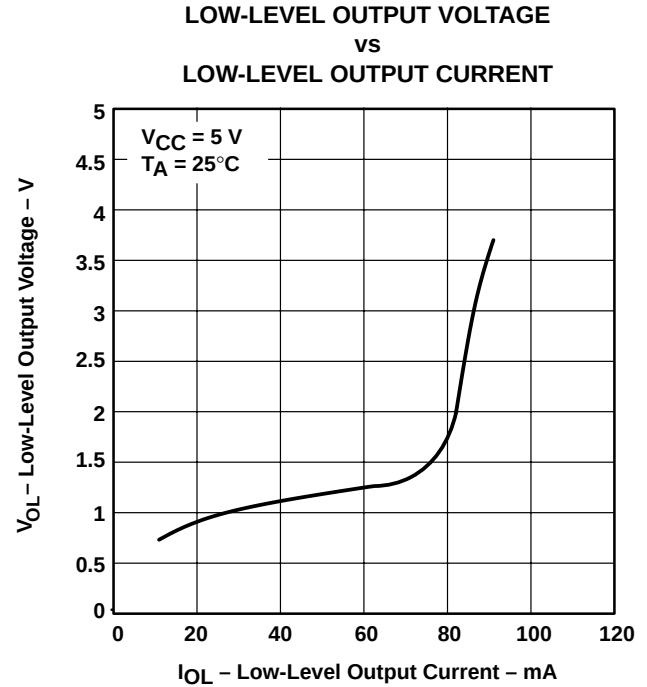


Figure 10

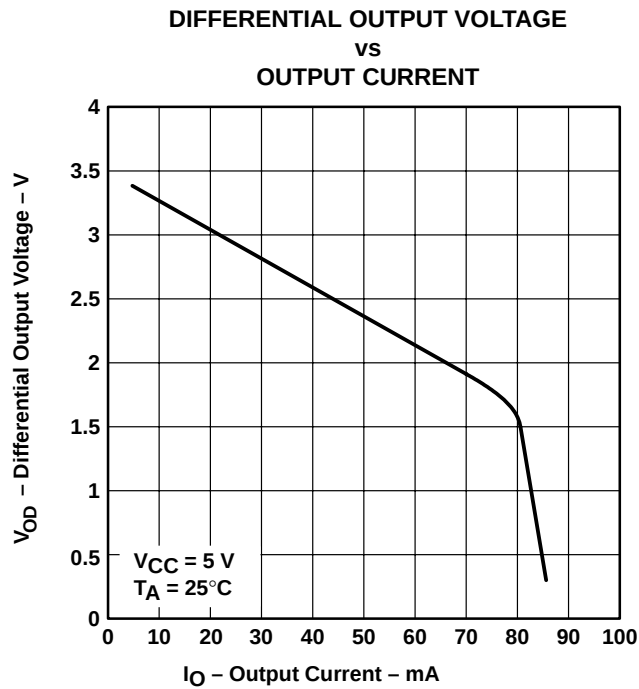


Figure 11

SN65ALS180, SN75ALS180  
DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

SLLS052G – AUGUST 1987 – REVISED APRIL 2003

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS – RECEIVERS

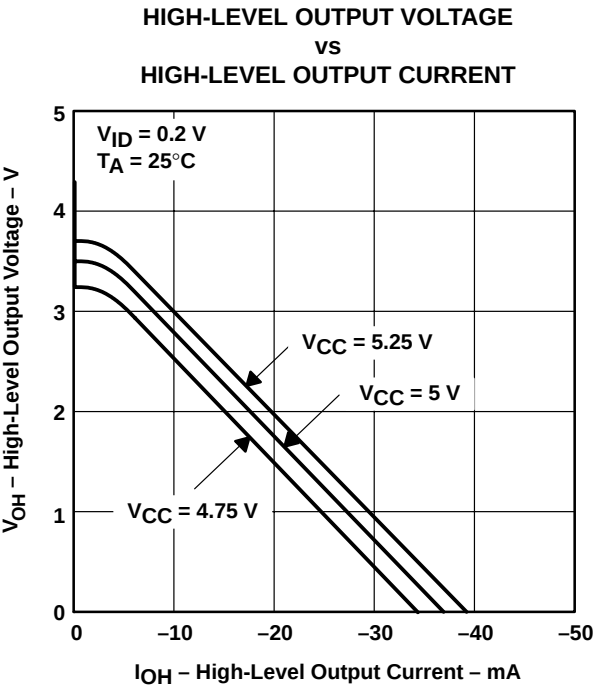


Figure 12

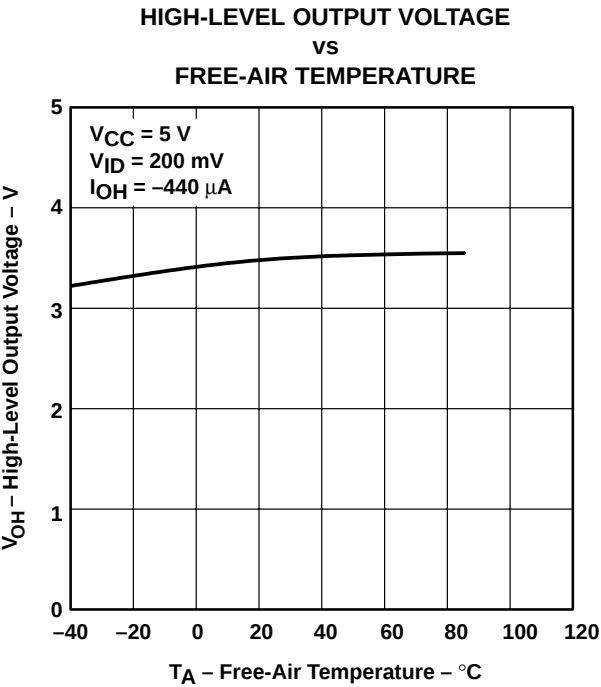


Figure 13

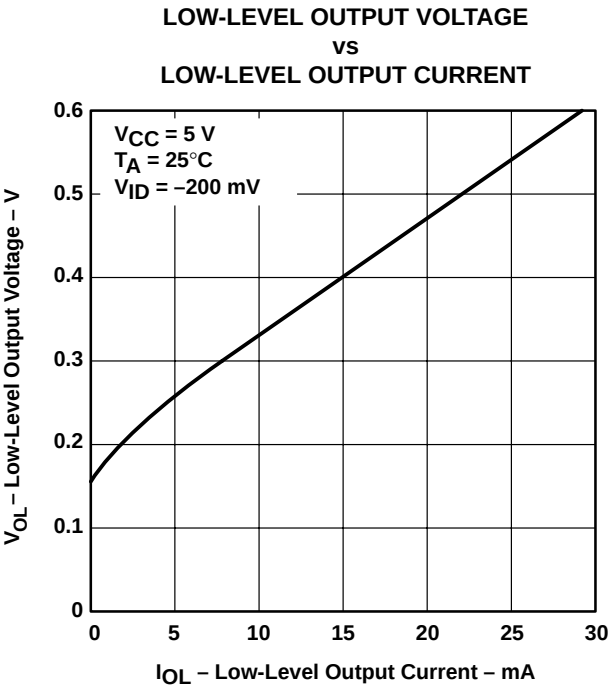


Figure 14

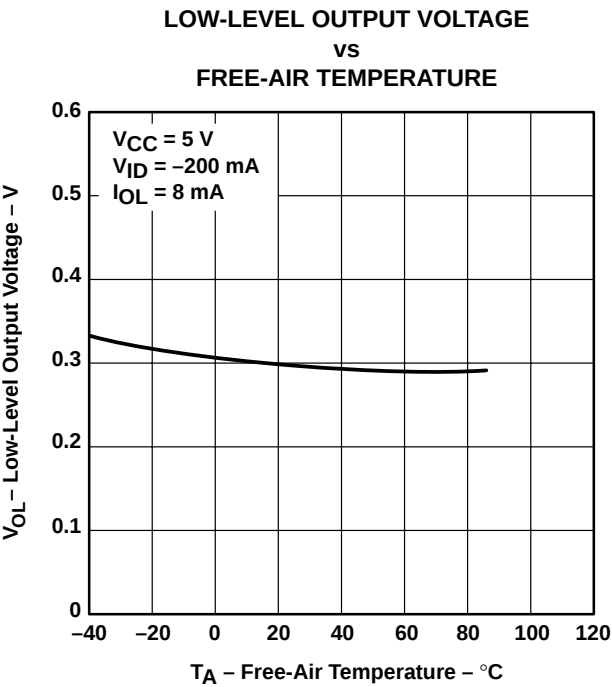


Figure 15

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS – RECEIVERS

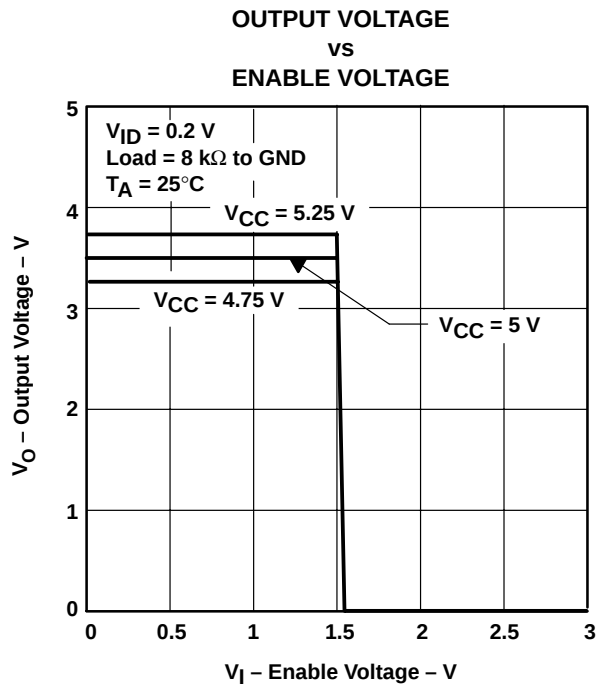


Figure 16

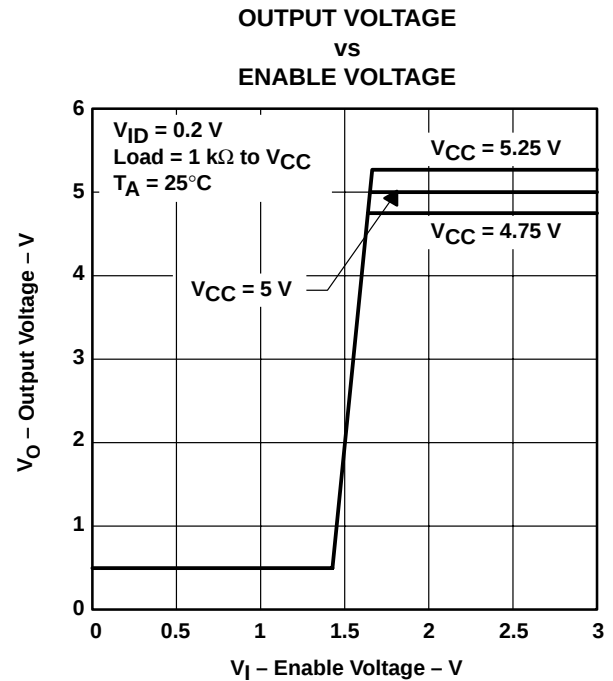
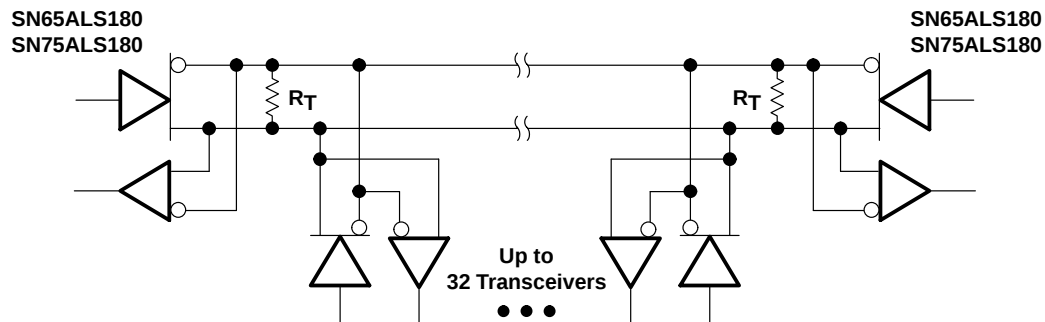


Figure 17

APPLICATION INFORMATION



NOTE A: The line should terminate at both ends in its characteristic impedance ( $R_T = Z_0$ ). Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.

Figure 18. Typical Application Circuit

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup> | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>               |
|------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| SN65ALS180D      | ACTIVE                | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 50          | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR/<br>Level-1-235C-UNLIM |
| SN65ALS180DE4    | ACTIVE                | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 50          | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR/<br>Level-1-235C-UNLIM |
| SN65ALS180DR     | ACTIVE                | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 2500        | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR/<br>Level-1-235C-UNLIM |
| SN65ALS180DRE4   | ACTIVE                | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 2500        | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR/<br>Level-1-235C-UNLIM |
| SN65ALS180N      | OBSOLETE              | PDIP         | N               | 14   |             | TBD                     | Call TI          | Call TI                                    |
| SN75ALS180D      | ACTIVE                | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 50          | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR/<br>Level-1-235C-UNLIM |
| SN75ALS180DE4    | ACTIVE                | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 50          | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR/<br>Level-1-235C-UNLIM |
| SN75ALS180DR     | ACTIVE                | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 2500        | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR/<br>Level-1-235C-UNLIM |
| SN75ALS180DRE4   | ACTIVE                | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 2500        | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR/<br>Level-1-235C-UNLIM |
| SN75ALS180N      | ACTIVE                | PDIP         | N               | 14   | 25          | Pb-Free (RoHS)          | CU NIPDAU        | Level-NC-NC-NC                             |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

16 PINS SHOWN

## PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



| PINS **<br>DIM      | 14               | 16               | 18               | 20               |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| A MAX               | 0.775<br>(19,69) | 0.775<br>(19,69) | 0.920<br>(23,37) | 1.060<br>(26,92) |
| A MIN               | 0.745<br>(18,92) | 0.745<br>(18,92) | 0.850<br>(21,59) | 0.940<br>(23,88) |
| MS-001<br>VARIATION | AA               | BB               | AC               | AD               |



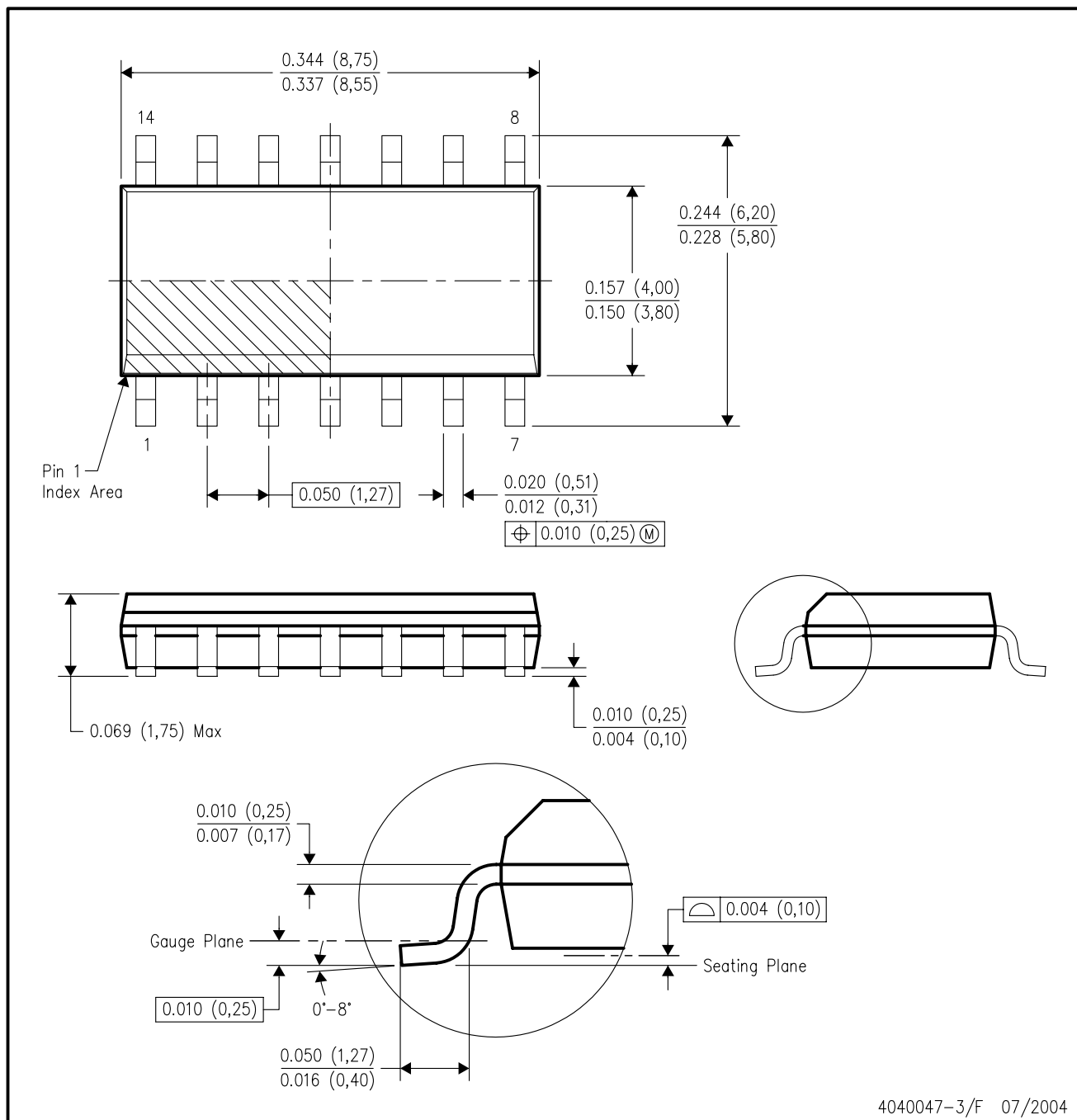
4040049/E 12/2002

NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
-  Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).  
 The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

## D (R-PDSO-G14)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
  - Falls within JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

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| Power Mgmt       | <a href="http://power.ti.com">power.ti.com</a>                     | Optical Networking  | <a href="http://www.ti.com/opticalnetwork">www.ti.com/opticalnetwork</a> |
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